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CLAIMS

1. A high voltage transformer comprising the conventional elements for voltage transformers, said conventional elements being at least

a high tension transformer (1, 1'),

a rectifier (2, 2'),

a filter (3, 3'),

a resistive divider (4, 4),

a high voltage switch (5, 5'),

10 a magnetic core (7, 7'),

a low voltage input (10),

said high voltage transformer characterized in that,

each of said conventional elements has a first end and a second end opposite to the first end, with the first ends of all elements connected to ground level, that is to say, zero voltage,

said conventional elements are arranged in two differentiated groups, on the one hand the elements with positive voltages (1-5 and 7) and, on the other, the elements with negative voltages (1'-5' and 7')

the elements with positive voltages (1-5 and 7) are separated from the elements with negative voltages (1'-5' and 7') by solid insulating means,

the voltage in each of said conventional elements progressively increases towards the opposed second end in the elements with positive voltages and progressively decreases in the elements with negative voltages;, all this in such a manner that, at an equal distance from the ground level, the elements of each group have equipotential voltages.

2. A high voltage transformer according to claim 1, characterized in that the progressive increase of the voltage in the elements with positive voltage and the progressive decrease of the voltage in the elements with

negative voltage, is linear.

- 3. A high voltage transformer according to claim 1, characterized in that the level of "zero voltage" is located in the area where the signals of the low voltage input (10) are located.
- 4. A high voltage transformer according to claim 3, characterized in that the level of "zero voltage" is located at the upper side (9) of the transformer.
 - of potential is defined at the lower ends of the high voltage switches (5,5).
 - 6. A high voltage transformer according to claim 1, characterized in that the two groups are separated by a single solid insulating means(6).
- 7. A high voltage transformer according to claim 1, characterized in that it includes means for minimizing the stray capacitances between the elements of one group and those of the other, said means being determined by an arrangement of said elements, such that the elements of one group have only a very small surface opposed to the elements of the other group.

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